



The first-ever

twice-yearly PrEP is here

ONE2PrEP

One office visit, every six months.
2 times a year for HIV prevention.

Two injections per visit, after starter dosing.

Talk to your healthcare provider to see if YEZTUGO® is right for you.

Eligible patients may pay as little as a \$0 co-pay.*

See pages 20-21 for details.

What is YEZTUGO?

YEZTUGO is a prescription medicine used as HIV-1 PrEP (pre-exposure prophylaxis) to reduce the risk of getting HIV-1 in adults and adolescents who weigh at least 77 pounds. You must be HIV negative before and while receiving YEZTUGO.

Please click [here](#) for Important Facts about YEZTUGO, including an **important warning** on the risk of drug resistance if you become HIV positive and only take YEZTUGO.

*Advancing Access® co-pay support is available for commercially insured eligible patients only. Subject to change; for full terms and conditions, visit GileadAdvancingAccess.com.

All people featured in this brochure are actor portrayals.

One office visit, every six months.
2 times a year for HIV prevention.
Two injections per visit, after starter dosing.



Important Safety Information

What is the most important information I should know about YEZTUGO?

Before and while receiving YEZTUGO:

- You must be HIV negative before you start and while receiving YEZTUGO.**
Get an HIV test before starting, before each injection, and when your healthcare provider tells you. If you think you were exposed to HIV while receiving YEZTUGO, talk to your healthcare provider as you may need an HIV test.

Please see additional Important Safety Information on [Page 6 and 7](#) and throughout this brochure.

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To learn more, visit [Yeztugo.com](#).

Please click here for Important Facts about YEZTUGO, including **important warnings**.

yeztugo
(lenacapavir) injection
463.5 mg/1.5 mL



If sex is part of your life,
**you should know
about PrEP**

PrEP stands for pre-exposure prophylaxis

It's a prescription medicine you take before you come in contact with HIV. Routinely taking PrEP helps protect against getting HIV through sex.

Having sex can increase your chances of getting HIV and other sexually transmitted infections (STIs). **PrEP doesn't prevent other STIs, but it can help protect you from HIV.**

PrEP is:

- For people who are HIV negative
- For people who may be at risk of getting HIV through sex
- Taking medication as prescribed by your healthcare provider
- Part of a comprehensive prevention strategy that includes adherence to routine dosing and safer sex practices

PrEP is not:

- Used in emergencies—like if a condom breaks
- A one-time-only strategy
- A prevention method for other STIs or pregnancy
- For people who are living with HIV

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommends that **all sexually active adults and adolescents be informed about PrEP.**

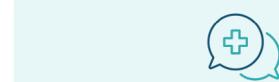
By taking PrEP as prescribed, you can significantly reduce your chances of getting HIV and help take charge of your sexual health.

PrEP is a proven HIV prevention option

You may benefit from PrEP if you:

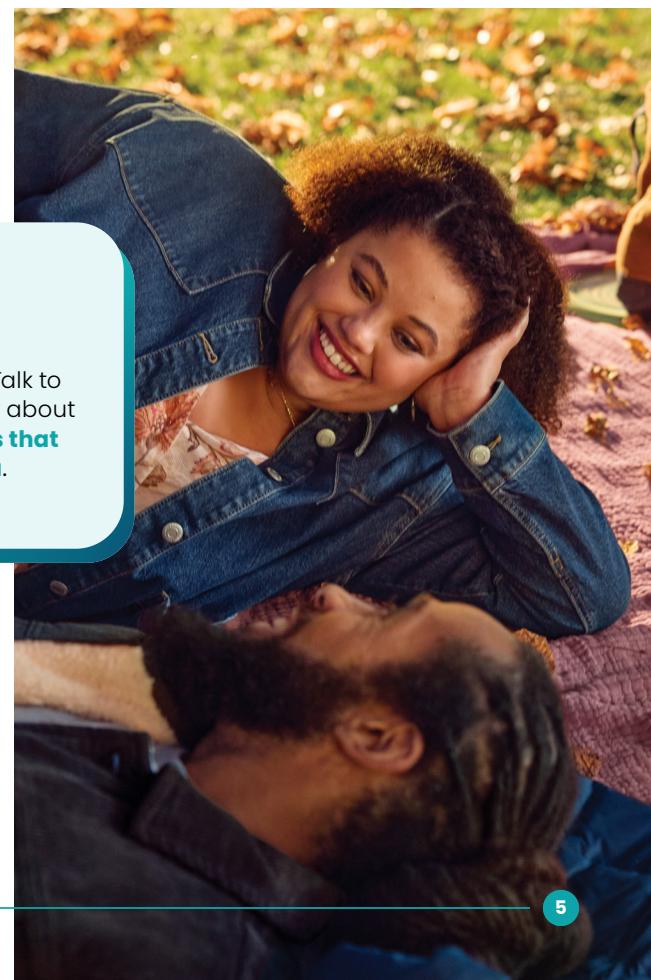
- Don't always use condoms
- Had or currently have an STI
- Have sexual partner(s) who don't know their HIV status
- Have sex in a geographic area or sexual network* where HIV is prevalent

This is not a complete list of factors that increase an individual's likelihood of getting HIV. Your healthcare provider can outline other possible factors and if they apply to you. They can also help you figure out all of your HIV prevention options.



Every plan is personal. Talk to your healthcare provider about **HIV prevention options that could work for you.**

*Your sexual network includes you, any current and past partners, plus all their partners (and so on).



Important Safety Information



What is the most important information I should know about YEZTUGO? Before and while receiving YEZTUGO:

- You must be HIV negative before you start and while receiving YEZTUGO.**
Get an HIV test before starting, before each injection, and when your healthcare provider tells you. If you think you were exposed to HIV while receiving YEZTUGO, talk to your healthcare provider as you may need an HIV test.
- Some HIV tests may not detect HIV in a person who recently acquired HIV.**
Tell your healthcare provider if you had a flu-like illness within the last month before starting or while receiving YEZTUGO. Symptoms of new HIV infection include tiredness, fever, joint or muscle aches, headache, sore throat, vomiting or diarrhea, rash, night sweats, and/or enlarged lymph nodes in the neck or groin.
- YEZTUGO does not prevent other sexually transmitted infections (STIs).**
Get tested for other STIs and practice safer sex by using condoms to reduce the risk of getting STIs.
- YEZTUGO is not approved to treat HIV.** You must immediately take other medicines if you get HIV. If you have HIV and only receive YEZTUGO, your HIV may become harder to treat.
- Follow the YEZTUGO dosing schedule,** which includes returning to a healthcare provider for your scheduled injections every 6 months. Missing scheduled injections or tablets can increase your chances of getting HIV.
- To further help reduce your risk of getting HIV:**
 - Know your HIV status and the HIV status of your partner(s). If they are living with HIV, your risk of getting HIV is lower if they are taking effective HIV treatment.
 - Talk to your healthcare provider about all the ways to help reduce the risk of getting HIV.

Who should not receive or take YEZTUGO?

- Do not receive YEZTUGO if you already have HIV or do not know your HIV status.** If you have HIV, you will need to take other medicines to treat it. YEZTUGO is not approved to treat HIV and is only for reducing the risk of getting HIV before you get it.

What are the possible side effects of YEZTUGO?

- The most common side effects of YEZTUGO** are injection site reactions, headache, and nausea. These are not the only possible side effects.
- Reactions at the injection site may include a lump or bump, pain, skin hardening, swelling, itching, redness, bruising, or warmth.
- Rarely, if YEZTUGO is injected incorrectly, serious injection site reactions, like severe damage of the skin or open sores, can occur.
- Tell your healthcare provider if you have any injection site reactions or other side effects that bother you or don't go away.

What should I tell my healthcare provider before receiving YEZTUGO?

- All your medical conditions.**
- If you are pregnant** or plan to become pregnant. Tell your healthcare provider if you become pregnant while or after receiving YEZTUGO.
- If you are breastfeeding** or plan to breastfeed. Talk to your healthcare provider about the best way to feed your baby while you are receiving YEZTUGO.
- All the medicines you take,** including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements. YEZTUGO can remain in your body for up to 9 months after your last injection and can affect other medicines. Keep a list of all your medicines and show it to your healthcare provider and pharmacist. Do not start a new medicine without telling your healthcare provider.

You are encouraged to report negative side effects of prescription drugs to the FDA. Visit www.fda.gov/medwatch, or call 1-800-FDA-1088.

To learn more, visit Yeztugo.com.

Please click here for Important Facts about YEZTUGO, including **important warnings**.

yeztugo
(lenacapavir) injection
463.5 mg/1.5 mL

One office visit, every six months

A breakthrough in HIV prevention

Whether you are completely new to PrEP—or looking for a medicine that may be a better fit—YEZTUGO® could be an option for you.

What is YEZTUGO?

YEZTUGO is a prescription medicine used as HIV-1 PrEP (pre-exposure prophylaxis) to reduce the risk of getting HIV-1 in adults and adolescents who weigh at least 77 pounds. You must be HIV negative before and while receiving YEZTUGO.

Important Safety Information

What is the most important information I should know about YEZTUGO?

Before and while receiving YEZTUGO:

- You must be HIV negative before you start and while receiving YEZTUGO.**
Get an HIV test before starting, before each injection, and when your healthcare provider tells you. If you think you were exposed to HIV while receiving YEZTUGO, talk to your healthcare provider as you may need an HIV test.
- Some HIV tests may not detect HIV in a person who recently acquired HIV.**
Tell your healthcare provider if you had a flu-like illness within the last month before starting or while receiving YEZTUGO. Symptoms of new HIV infection include tiredness, fever, joint or muscle aches, headache, sore throat, vomiting or diarrhea, rash, night sweats, and/or enlarged lymph nodes in the neck or groin.

YEZTUGO is the first-ever twice-yearly PrEP

It's injected under your skin (subcutaneously) and releases slowly in your body after you receive your injections. That's why you only get it once every 6 months (two injections every 6 months after starter dosing).

1 YEZTUGO is injected in either the abdomen or thigh



2 After the injection, YEZTUGO collects under the skin



3 From there, YEZTUGO slowly releases over time



For illustrative purposes only. Individual experiences may vary.

Some people may feel a bump at the injection site. This is part of how the long-acting medicine works. Talk to your healthcare provider if you have any questions or concerns.

To learn more, visit Yeztugo.com.

Please click here for Important Facts about YEZTUGO, including **important warnings**.

yeztugo
(lenacapavir) injection
463 mg/1.5 mL

Nearly 100% of people stayed HIV negative

on YEZTUGO® in two global studies



The YEZTUGO studies included over 12,000 people*

Both studies were randomized, double-blinded, and included a **wide range of people across many ages, genders, and backgrounds**. All participants were sexually active with a male partner or partners. The studies looked at how well YEZTUGO could prevent HIV compared to a daily PrEP pill (FTC/TDF).†

PURPOSE 1

Included around **2100 young cisgender women and adolescent girls who received YEZTUGO**, including those who became pregnant or started breastfeeding,‡ in South Africa and Uganda.

PURPOSE 2

Included around **2100 cisgender men, transgender men and women, and nonbinary people who received YEZTUGO** in multiple countries around the world.

What is the most important information I should know about YEZTUGO? (cont'd)

Before and while receiving YEZTUGO (cont'd):

- YEZTUGO does not prevent other sexually transmitted infections (STIs).** Get tested for other STIs and practice safer sex by using condoms to reduce the risk of getting STIs
- YEZTUGO is not approved to treat HIV.** You must immediately take other medicines if you get HIV. If you have HIV and only receive YEZTUGO, your HIV may become harder to treat.
- Follow the YEZTUGO dosing schedule**, which includes returning to a healthcare provider for your scheduled injections every 6 months. Missing scheduled injections or tablets can increase your chances of getting HIV.

*Not all participants were given a study drug.

†FTC/TDF=emtricitabine/tenofovir disoproxil fumarate.

‡People were allowed to stay in the study and continue treatment if they became pregnant or started lactating.

PURPOSE 1

100%

of people remained **HIV negative** while on YEZTUGO compared with **98.5%** on a daily PrEP pill (FTC/TDF).

0 out of 2134 people got HIV while taking YEZTUGO compared to **16 out of 1068** people on a daily PrEP pill (FTC/TDF).

PURPOSE 2

99.9%

of people remained **HIV negative** while on YEZTUGO compared with **99.2%** on a daily PrEP pill (FTC/TDF).

2 out of 2179 people got HIV while taking YEZTUGO compared to **9 out of 1086** people on a daily PrEP pill (FTC/TDF).

At one year,[§] each study showed:

≥99.9%

of people **stayed HIV negative** while taking YEZTUGO.

[§]Researchers looked at how well YEZTUGO worked in a planned early analysis once 50% of the people had been in the study for a year. The results were so strong the researchers stopped the first part of the study and offered everyone the option to switch to YEZTUGO.

[See the next page](#) to learn about possible side effects while receiving YEZTUGO.

To learn more, visit [Yeztugo.com](#).

Please click here for Important Facts about YEZTUGO, including **important warnings**.

yeztugo
(lenacapavir) injection
463.5 mg/1.5 mL

One office visit, every six months.
2 times a year for HIV prevention.
Two injections per visit, after starter dosing.

One during your
Winter Time

One during your
Summer Shine

What is the most important information I should know about YEZTUGO®? (cont'd)

Before and while receiving YEZTUGO (cont'd):

- To further help reduce your risk of getting HIV:
 - Know your HIV status and the HIV status of your partner(s). If they are living with HIV, your risk of getting HIV is lower if they are taking effective HIV treatment.
 - Talk to your healthcare provider about all the ways to help reduce the risk of getting HIV.

Who should not receive or take YEZTUGO?

- Do not receive YEZTUGO if you already have HIV or do not know your HIV status. If you have HIV, you will need to take other medicines to treat it. YEZTUGO is not approved to treat HIV and is only for reducing the risk of getting HIV before you get it.

Possible side effects

In clinical trials, the most common side effects in $\geq 2\%$ of people taking YEZTUGO were:

| SIDE EFFECT | PURPOSE 1 | | PURPOSE 2 | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|---|
| | YEZTUGO N=2140 | A daily PrEP pill (FTC/TDF)* N=1070 | YEZTUGO N=2183 | A daily PrEP pill (FTC/TDF)* N=1088 |
| Injection site reactions | 69% | 34% | 83% | 69% |
| Headache | 7% | 8% | 2% | 2% |
| Nausea | 5% | 11% | 2% | 4% |
| Dizziness | 4% | 6% | <1% | 1% |
| Vomiting | 4% | 7% | <1% | 1% |
| Diarrhea | 4% | 4% | 2% | 2% |

Injection site reactions

- Injection site reactions are the body's response to an injection—the way some people might react when they get a shot or a vaccine.
- Some of the reactions at the injection site that occurred included a bump, pain, and skin hardening. Rare serious injection site reactions can occur, so tell your healthcare provider if you experience any side effects or reactions at the injection site.
- In both studies, injection site reactions became less common with later shots of YEZTUGO.

≤1% of people in each study stopped YEZTUGO due to side effects†

*FTC/TDF=emtricitabine/tenofovir disoproxil fumarate. People taking FTC/TDF also received placebo injections.

†≤1% of people in each study stopped FTC/TDF due to side effects.

To learn more, visit Yeztugo.com.

Please click here for Important Facts about YEZTUGO, including **important warnings**.

yeztugo
(lenacapavir) injection
463.5 mg/1.5 mL

It goes beyond one community **PrEP is for women, too**

Did you know?

~19%

of new HIV diagnoses in the United States in 2022 were among women, but only 9% of PrEP users in 2024 were women.

87%

of new HIV diagnoses in the United States in 2022 among all transgender people were transgender women.



What are the possible side effects of YEZTUGO®?

- **The most common side effects of YEZTUGO** are injection site reactions, headache, and nausea. These are not the only possible side effects.
- Reactions at the injection site may include a lump or bump, pain, skin hardening, swelling, itching, redness, bruising, or warmth.
- Rarely, if YEZTUGO is injected incorrectly, serious injection site reactions, like severe damage of the skin or open sores, can occur.
- Tell your healthcare provider if you have any injection site reactions or other side effects that bother you or don't go away.

YEZTUGO was studied in two clinical trials, including one focused exclusively on women

The PURPOSE 1 study included around 2100 young cisgender women and adolescent girls who received YEZTUGO, including those who became pregnant or started breastfeeding,* in South Africa and Uganda.

See full study results on [pages 10-11](#).



*People were allowed to stay in the study and continue on YEZTUGO if they became pregnant or started lactating.

To learn more, visit [Yeztugo.com](#).

Please click here for Important Facts about YEZTUGO, including **important warnings**.

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463.5 mg/1.5 mL

Getting started

What to expect

You might be new to PrEP or just exploring your options. Either way, YEZTUGO® starts with a conversation with your healthcare provider to see if it is right for you.

1

Your provider will ask you about your medical history, all the medications you take, your sexual health, if you are pregnant or plan to become pregnant, if you breastfeed, and about all your past HIV and sexually transmitted infection (STI) test results. **Be open and honest, they're there to help.**

2

Your healthcare provider may also administer—or help get you scheduled for—an HIV test. **You must be HIV negative before starting YEZTUGO**, and an HIV test is required before every injection appointment.

3

Work closely with your healthcare provider and their office to complete any necessary paperwork or prior authorizations with your health insurance. This will help ensure you can receive your YEZTUGO prescription.

What should I tell my healthcare provider before receiving YEZTUGO?

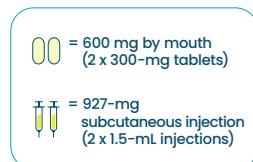
- **All your medical conditions.**
- **If you are pregnant** or plan to become pregnant. Tell your healthcare provider if you become pregnant while or after receiving YEZTUGO.
- **If you are breastfeeding** or plan to breastfeed. Talk to your healthcare provider about the best way to feed your baby while you are receiving YEZTUGO.
- **All the medicines you take**, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements. YEZTUGO can remain in your body for up to 9 months after your last injection and can affect other medicines. Keep a list of all your medicines and show it to your healthcare provider and pharmacist. Do not start a new medicine without telling your healthcare provider.

You are encouraged to report negative side effects of prescription drugs to the FDA. Visit www.fda.gov/medwatch, or call 1-800-FDA-1088.

Taking YEZTUGO

Once you and your healthcare provider have decided YEZTUGO is right for you, they'll work with you to help you get started. It will require a few steps to get going, but once you're up and running it's just a part of your year.

STARTER DOSES



No pills after initial 2-day dosing

Getting started with YEZTUGO begins with starter doses:

- 2 pills taken at your healthcare provider's office, along with 2 injections given by your healthcare provider
- 2 additional pills taken at home the next day

Starter doses are required when you begin YEZTUGO and pills should be taken as your healthcare provider tells you. Talk to them if you have any questions or concerns.

After your starter doses, you'll receive ongoing doses of 2 injections every 6 months:

- Each dose of YEZTUGO is given as 2 injections by a healthcare provider
- The injections reach a short distance under your skin (subcutaneous) and are given in your abdomen or thigh

Injection site reactions

Some of the reactions at the injection site that occurred included a bump, pain, and skin hardening. Rare serious injection site reactions can occur, so tell your healthcare provider if you experience any side effects or reactions at the injection site.

To learn more, visit Yeztugo.com.

Please click here for Important Facts about YEZTUGO, including **important warnings**.

yeztugo
(lenacapavir) injection
463 mg/1.5 mL

One office visit, every six months.
2 times a year for HIV prevention.
Two injections per visit, after starter dosing.



What is the most important information I should know about YEZTUGO®?

Before and while receiving YEZTUGO:

- You must be HIV negative before you start and while receiving YEZTUGO. Get an HIV test before starting, before each injection, and when your healthcare provider tells you. If you think you were exposed to HIV while receiving YEZTUGO, talk to your healthcare provider as you may need an HIV test.
- Some HIV tests may not detect HIV in a person who recently acquired HIV. Tell your healthcare provider if you had a flu-like illness within the last month before starting or while receiving YEZTUGO. Symptoms of new HIV infection include tiredness, fever, joint or muscle aches, headache, sore throat, vomiting or diarrhea, rash, night sweats, and/or enlarged lymph nodes in the neck or groin.

Continuing YEZTUGO

Stay on your PrEP

Remember, any PrEP option is only effective when you take it as prescribed. You only receive the full benefit of YEZTUGO when you stick to the schedule.

SCHEDULING

Each appointment needs to be 6 months apart, but the date doesn't need to be exact. When you book your next appointment, it **needs to fall within 2 weeks before or after the 6-month mark.**



WHAT IF I THINK I WILL MISS A DOSE?



It's important that you stick to your schedule. If you think you'll miss your 6-month appointment, talk to your healthcare provider right away to review your options and next steps.

TESTING



You need to test negative for HIV before each dose of YEZTUGO. Talk to your provider to confirm when and how you can get your test.

To learn more, visit Yeztugo.com.

Please click here for Important Facts about YEZTUGO, including **important warnings**.



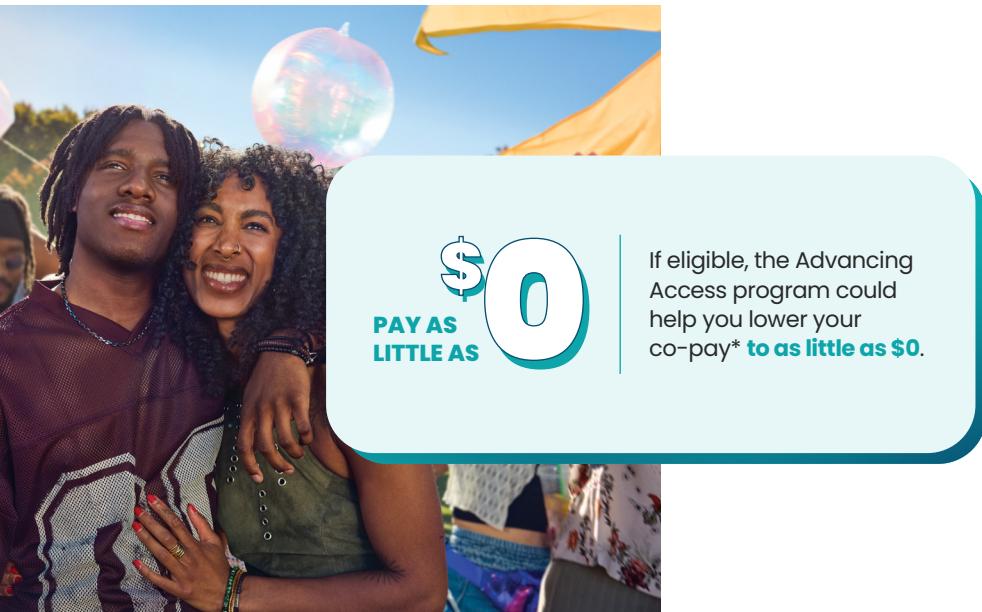
Cost & coverage



Worried about cost?

If you and your healthcare provider decide YEZTUGO® is right for you, Gilead's Advancing Access® program may be able to help.

Whether you have insurance or not, support is available. If you have commercial insurance, you could pay as little as \$0 for your prescription through the co-pay program.*



What's a co-pay?

A co-pay is simply the fixed amount you pay for a healthcare provider visit or a prescription.



Get started with Gilead Advancing Access

Advancing Access is committed to providing you information about financial and insurance support[†] resources.

If you're eligible, our program specialists can help:

- Enroll you in the Patient Assistance Program/Medication Assistance Program (PAP/MAP) if you're uninsured
- Enroll you in the co-pay program if you're commercially insured
- Make sure you understand how your insurance may cover YEZTUGO through benefits investigations
- Research prior authorization requirements so you and your healthcare provider know what's needed to begin treatment

We're here to help

To learn more, visit PrEP.AdvancingAccess.com
Call **1.800.226.2056** | Monday-Friday | 9am-8pm ET

Your out-of-pocket cost for YEZTUGO depends on your specific circumstances and insurance plan.

*Co-pay coupon support is available for eligible, commercially insured individuals only. Additional restrictions may apply. Subject to change; for full terms and conditions, visit GileadAdvancingAccess.com/copay-coupon-card. This is not health insurance.

[†]Conditions apply.

To learn more, visit Yeztugo.com.

Please click here for Important Facts about YEZTUGO, including **important warnings**.

yeztugo
(lenacapavir) injection
463.5 mg/1.5 mL



Discover more about **this HIV prevention option**

Don't put this off. **Get the facts.**

Talk to your healthcare provider to see if **YEZTUGO®** is right for you.

What is YEZTUGO?

YEZTUGO is a prescription medicine used as HIV-1 PrEP (pre-exposure prophylaxis) to reduce the risk of getting HIV-1 in adults and adolescents who weigh at least 77 pounds. You must be HIV negative before and while receiving YEZTUGO.

To learn more, visit Yeztugo.com.

Please click here for Important Facts about YEZTUGO, including **important warnings**.



yeztugo
®
(lenacapavir) injection
463.5 mg/1.5 mL



ONE2PrEP

One office visit, every six months.
2 times a year for HIV prevention.

Two injections per visit, after starter dosing.

**Shown to be $\geq 99.9\%$ effective in
protecting against HIV through sex***

See full study information on [pages 10-11](#).

Talk to your healthcare provider
to see if **YEZTUGO[®] is right for you.**

What is YEZTUGO?

YEZTUGO is a prescription medicine used as HIV-1 PrEP (pre-exposure prophylaxis) to reduce the risk of getting HIV-1 in adults and adolescents who weigh at least 77 pounds. You must be HIV negative before and while receiving YEZTUGO.

What is the most important information I should know about YEZTUGO (cont'd)?

Before and while receiving YEZTUGO (cont'd):

- YEZTUGO does not prevent other sexually transmitted infections (STIs).** Get tested for other STIs and practice safer sex by using condoms to reduce the risk of getting STIs.

Please click [here](#) for Important Facts about YEZTUGO, including **important warnings**.

* In each study, $\geq 99.9\%$ of people taking YEZTUGO stayed HIV negative across the PURPOSE 1 and PURPOSE 2 studies compared to $\geq 98.5\%$ with a once-daily PrEP pill (FTC/TDF) at 1 year.

FTC/TDF=emtricitabine/tenofovir disoproxil fumarate.

All people featured in this brochure are actor portrayals.

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MOST IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YEZTUGO

Before starting and while receiving YEZTUGO:

- You must be HIV negative.** Get an HIV test before starting, before each injection, and when your healthcare provider tells you. If you think you were exposed to HIV while receiving YEZTUGO, talk to your healthcare provider as you may need an HIV test.
- Some HIV tests may not detect HIV in a person who recently acquired HIV.** Symptoms of new HIV infection include tiredness, fever, joint or muscle aches, headache, sore throat, vomiting or diarrhea, rash, night sweats, and/or enlarged lymph nodes in the neck or groin. Tell your healthcare provider if you had a flu-like illness within the last month before starting or while receiving YEZTUGO.
- YEZTUGO does not prevent other sexually transmitted infections (STIs).** Get tested for other STIs and practice safer sex by using a latex or polyurethane condom to reduce the risk of getting STIs.
- YEZTUGO is not approved to treat HIV.** You must immediately take other medicines if you get HIV. If you have HIV and only receive YEZTUGO, your HIV may become harder to treat.
- Follow the YEZTUGO dosing schedule,** which includes returning to a healthcare provider for your scheduled injections every 6 months. Missing scheduled injections or tablets can increase your chances of getting HIV.
- Talk to your healthcare provider about all the ways to help reduce the risk of getting HIV,** including knowing your HIV status and the HIV status of your partners.

ABOUT YEZTUGO

YEZTUGO is a prescription medicine used as HIV-1 PrEP (pre-exposure prophylaxis) to reduce the risk of getting HIV-1 in adults and adolescents who weigh at least 77 pounds. You must be HIV negative before and while receiving YEZTUGO.

Do not receive YEZTUGO if you already have HIV or if you do not know your HIV status.

POSSIBLE SIDE EFFECTS OF YEZTUGO

- Common side effects** in people receiving YEZTUGO include injection site reactions, headache, and nausea. These are not the only possible side effects.
- Reactions at the injection site may include a lump or bump, pain, skin hardening, swelling, itching, redness, bruising, or warmth. If you develop a lump or hardened skin, it may take longer to go away.
- Rarely, if YEZTUGO is injected incorrectly, serious injection site reactions, like severe skin damage or open sores, can occur.
- Tell your healthcare provider if you have any injection site reactions or other side effects that bother you or don't go away.

IMPORTANT FACTS

This is only a brief summary of important information about taking or receiving YEZTUGO. This does not replace talking to your healthcare provider about your medicine.

BEFORE RECEIVING YEZTUGO

Tell your healthcare provider if you:

- Have any medical conditions.
- Are pregnant or plan to become pregnant.
- Are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed.

Tell your healthcare provider about all the medicines you take:

- Keep a list that includes all prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements and show it to your healthcare provider and pharmacist.
- Do not start a new medicine without telling your healthcare provider.
- YEZTUGO may affect certain other medicines for up to 9 months after your last injection.

HOW TO RECEIVE AND TAKE YEZTUGO

YEZTUGO consists of injections and tablets. YEZTUGO injections will be given to you by your healthcare provider under the skin (subcutaneous injection) in your stomach-area (abdomen) or upper leg (thigh). Take YEZTUGO tablets by mouth, with or without food.

- Your dosing schedule will start as follows:
 - On Day 1, you will receive 2 YEZTUGO injections and take 2 YEZTUGO tablets.
 - On Day 2, you will take 2 YEZTUGO tablets.
- If you miss taking your tablets on Day 2, take them as soon as possible. Do not take Day 1 and Day 2 tablets on the same day.
- After completing the start of your dosing schedule, you will receive 2 YEZTUGO injections every 6 months (26 weeks) from the date of your last injection. If you miss or need to delay your scheduled every-6-month injections of YEZTUGO by more than 2 weeks, call your healthcare provider right away.
- It is important that you attend your scheduled appointments and continue receiving YEZTUGO as scheduled, as missing injections or doses may increase your risk of getting HIV-1.
- If you stop receiving YEZTUGO, talk to your healthcare provider about options to reduce HIV risk.

GET MORE INFORMATION

- This is only a brief summary of important information about YEZTUGO. Talk to your healthcare provider or pharmacist to learn more.
- Go to YEZTUGO.com or call 1-800-GILEAD-5
- If you need help paying for your medicine, visit YEZTUGO.com for program information.